Selected Poetry.

"PD CHOOSE TO BE A BABY." [AIR-I'd be a Daisy.]

I'd choose to be a baby, A darling little flower, Without a care or sorrow, As I was in childhood's hour ; When ladies (heaven bless them.) They'd kiss me and they'd vow That they could almost eat me-Why don't they do it now?

When I used to be a baby They'd to my cradle creep; They'd kiss and hug and fondle me, Till I fell fast a sleep. Yes, kiss and squeeze me too, Till I felt anyhow; They'd even wash and dress me-

Why don't they do it now?

Why don't they do it now?

They were pleased to nurse me, And take me on their lap, And would stuff my little stomach full Of lollipops and pap. They would show me tops and buttons. And if I made a row, They'd press me to their bosoms-

When the ladies used to love me, They would make me such nice clothes They would make me red morocco shoes And wipe my little nose. And when the shades of evening came, And sleep came o'er my brow,

OFFICIAL.

They'd say 'twas time to go to bed-

But they never say it now.

AWS OF THE UNITED STATES. Russed at the First Session of the Thirty-seventh

Congress, which was begun and held at the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Thursday, the fourth day of July, A. D. 1861, and ended on Tuesday, the sixth day of August A. D. 1861. PROCLAMATIONS.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN, President. HANNIBAL HAM-LIN, Vice President, and President of the Sen-SOLOMON FOOTE was elected President of the Senate, pro tempore, on the eightenth, day of July, and continued so to act until the close of the session. Galusha A. Ghow, Speaker of the House of Representatives. No. 9.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

A PROCLAMATION. WHEREAS, on the fifteenth day of April, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, the President of the United States, in view of an insurrection against the Laws, Constitution, and Government of the United States, which had broken out within the United States, which had broken out within the States of South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Florida, Mississippi, Louisiana, and Texas, and in pursuance of the provisions of the act, entitled "An Actito proviue for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections, and repeal the act now in force for that purpose," approved February twenty-eight, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, did call forth the militia to suppress said insurrection, and to cause the laws of the Union to be duly executed, and the insurregents have failed to disporse by the time directed by the President; and, whereas, such insurrection has since broken out, and yet such insurrection has since broken out, and yet exists, within the States of Virginia, North Caro'ina, Tennessee, and Arkansas; and, whereas, the insurgents in all the said States claim to act under the anthority thereof, and such claim is not disclaimed or repudiated by the persons exer cising the functions of government in such State or States, or in the part or parts thereof in which such combinations exist, nor has such insurrec-

tion been suppressed by said States:

Now, therefore, I, ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

President of the United States, in pursuance of President of the United States, in pursuance of an act of Congress, approved July thirteen, eighteen hundred and sixty one, do hereby declare that the inhabitants of the said States of Georgia, South Carolina, Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, Alabama, Louislana, Texas, Arkansas, Missippi, and Florida, (except the inhabitants of that part of the State of Virginia lying west of the Alleghany mountains, and of such other parts of that State and the other States hereinbefore named as may maintain a loval adhession of the named as may maintain a loyal adhession of the Union and the Constitution, or may be, from time to time, occupied and controlled by forces of the United States engaged in the dispersion of said insurgents) are in a state of insurrection against the United States, and that all commercial intercourse between the same and the inhabitants thereof, with the exceptions aforesaid and the citizens of other States and other parts o the United States is unlawful, and will remain unlawful until such insurrection shall cease or has been suppressed; that all goods and chat-tels, wares and merchandise, coming from any of said States, with the exceptions aforesaid, into other parts of the United States, without the spe-cial license and previously. ense and permission of the President cial license and permission of the President, through the Secretary of the Treasury, or proceeding to any of said States, with the exceptions aforesaid, by land or water, together with the vessel or vehicle conveying the same, or conveying persons to or from said States, with said exceptions, will be forfeited to the United States; and that from and after fifteen days from issuing of this proclamation, all ships and vessels belonging in whole or in part to any citizen or inhabitant of any of said States, with said exceptions, found at sea, or in any port of the United tions, found at sea, or in any port of the United States, will be forfaited to the United States; and I hereby enjoin upon all district attorneys, mar-shals, and officers of the revenue and of the mili-tary and naval forces of the United States to be vigilant in the execution of said act, and in the vigiant in the execution of said act, and in the enforcement of the penalties and forfeitures imposed or declared by it; leaving any party who may think himself agrieved thereby to his application to the Secretary of the Treasury for the remission of any penalty or forfeiture, which the said Secretary is authorized by law to grant if, in his judgment, the special circumstances of any case shall require such remission.

In witness whereof I have become

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my and, and caused the seal of the United States to Done at the City of Washington, this sixteenth day of August, in the year of our [L. s.] Lord eighteen hundred and sixty-one, and of the Independence of the United States of America the eighty-sixth.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

WILLIAM H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

The Stamp Act.

ONE OF THE TAX LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES. Acknowledgment of deeds, (in suit or legal proceedings,)
Agreement or Appraisement, for each
sheet or piece of paper, on which the same is written,
same is written,
assignment or Transfers, of mortgage,
lease or policy of insurance, the same
duty as on the original instrument of duty as on the original instrument of patent right,
Bank Cheeks, Drafts or Orders, &c., at aight, or on demand,
Bills of Exchange; Inland drafts or order payable otherwise than at sight or on demand, and any promisory note whatever, payable on demand or at a time designated [except bank notes issued for circulation, and checks made and intended to be, and which shall be, forthwith presented for payment] for a sum not exceeding \$100,

For every additional \$100 or fractional part thereof,
Bills of Ladius and the state of part thereof.

Bills of Lading vessels for the ports of the United States or British North America, Exemp On receipt of goods on any foreign ports, 10 cts.

Bills of Sale of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed \$500. eeed \$500, Exceeding \$500 and not exceeding \$1,000, \$1 00 Exceeding one thousand dollars for each five hundred dollars fractional part

five hundred dollars fractional part thereof,

of personal property, other than ship or vessel Bond personal, for payment of money [see mortgage.]—Official,

For indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where the money ultimately recoverable thereupon is one thousand dollars or less, 50 cts.

Where the money recoverable exceeds one thousand dollars for every additional one thousand dollars, or fractional part thereof.

Bonds, county, city and town bonds, rail roads and other corporation bonds and script, are subject to stamp duty. [See mortgage.] Of any description, other than such as are required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged in this schedule,

Certificates of deposit in bank, sum not exceeding one hundred dollars,

of stock in an incorporated company,

25 cts.

Of stock in an incorporated company,

25 cts. of deposit in bank, sum exceeding one hundred dollars,
Of stock in an incorporated company,
5 cts.
5 cts. General, Of a qualification of a Justice of the Peace, Of search of records,

That certain papers are on file, That certain papers cannot be found, Of redemption of land sold for taxes, Of birth, marriage and death, Of qualifications of school teachers, 5 cts. 5 cts. 5 cts. 5 cts. 5 cts. Of qualifications of school teachers,
Of profits of an incorporated company,
for a sum not less than ten dollars and

not exceeding fifty dollars, 10 cts.

Exceeding fifty dollars and not exceeding one thousand dollars, 25 cts.

Exceeding one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand, or fractional part thereof, Of damage or otherwise, and all others certificates or documents issued by any port warden, marine surveyor, or other

port warden, marine surveyor, or other person acting as such, 25 cts. Certified Transcript of judgments, satisfaction of judgments and of all papers recorded or on file, Check Draft or Order for the payment of any sum of money exceeding \$10, drawn upon any person or other than a bank, banker or trust company, at sight or on demand. 2 cts. or on demand,
Contract [See Agreement Brokers,]
Conveyance deed, instrument of writing,
whereby lands, tenements, or other
reality sold shall be conveyed, the ac-

tual value which does not exceed \$500, 50 cts.

Exceeding \$500, and not exceeding \$1,000, \$1 00

For every additional five hundred dollars,
or fractional part thereof, in excess of one thousand dollars. Entry of any goods, wares or merchandize at any custom house, not exceeding one hundred dollars in value, 22 Exceeding one hundred dollars and not exceeding five hundred dollars in value,50 cts. Exceeding five hundred dollars in value, \$1 00 For the withdrawal of any goods or merchandize from bonded warehouse, 5 Guager's return if for quantity not exceeding five hundred gal. gross, 10 cts.
Exceeding 500 gallons, 25 cts.
Power of Attorney to sell or transfer
stock, or collect dividends thereon, 25 cts.
To vote at an election if an incorporated

To receive or collect rents, 25 cts. sell, or convey, or rent, or lease real \$1 00 estate, For any other purpose, Probate of will or letters of administration, where the value of both real and personal estate does not exceed \$2,000, \$1 00 For every additional \$2,000 or fractional part thereof, in excess of \$2,000, Bonds of executor, administrators, guardians and trustees, are each subjected to a stamp duty of Protest upon bill note, check or draft 25 cts. Promisory Note, (See Bills of Exchange,

inland,) Renewal of, subject to same duty as an original note. Receipt for the rayment of any sum of money, or debt due, exceeding twenty dollars, or for the delivery of any property,
Trust Deed made to secure a debt to be stamped as a mortgage conveying estate to uses, to be stamped as conveyance. Warehouse Receipt for any goods, wares or merchandise not otherwise provided for, deposited or stored in any public

for, deposited or stored in any puone or private warehouse not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 10 Exceeding five hundred and not exceeding one thousand dollars, 20 Exceeding 1,000 dollars, for every additional 1,000 dollars or tractional part thereof in excess of \$1.000. thereof, in excess of \$1,000, 10

For any goods, etc., not otherwise provided for, stored or deposited in any public or private warehouse or yard, 2 Writs or Legal Documents, writ or other legal process, by which any suit is com-menced in any court of record, either

of law or equity,
Writ or original process issued by a court
not of record, where the amount claimed is 100 dollars or over,
Upon every confession of judgment or cognovit for 100 dollars or over, except in cases where the tax for a writ has been paid. Writ or other process, appeals from justices courts, or other courts of inferior jurisdiction, to a court of record, 50 Warrants of distress, when the amount of rent claimed does not exceed 100 dol-

When the amount exceeds 100 dollars, 50 cts. Insurance, Marine, Inland and Fire .-Where the consideration paid for the insurance, in cash, premium notes, or both, does not exceed 10 dollars Exceeding ten dollars, and not exceeding Insurance, Life, when the amount insured does not exceed 1,000 dollars, Exceeding 1,000 and not exceeding 5,000 Exceeding 5,000 dollars, Lease or lease of lands or tenements

where the rents does not exceed 300 per Exceeding 300 dollars, for each additional 200 dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of 300 dollars, Perpetual, subject to stamp duty as a "conveyance." Clause of guaranty of payment of rent incorporated or indorsed, five cents ad-

Measurers' Return, if for quantity not exceeding 1,000 bushels, Exceeding 1,000 bushels Mortgage, trust deed, bill of sales, or personal bond for the payment of money exceeding 100 and not exceeding 500

dollars, Exceeding 500 dollars for every additional 500, or fractional part thereof, in ex-Pawner's Checks. Passage Ticket from the United States to any foreign port, costing not more than

35 dollars, Costing more than 35, and not exceeding 1 00 For every additional fifty or fractional part thereof, in excess of 50 dollars, 1 00

GENERAL REMARKS.

Revenue Stamps may be used indiscriminately upon any of the matters or things enumerated in schedule B, except proprietary and playing card stamps, for which a special use has been provided. Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duty chargeable on instruments.

It is the duty of the makes of soil the stamp of the It is the duty of the maker of an instrument to affix and cancel the stamp thereon. If he neglects to do so, the party for whom it is made, may stamp it before it is used; and if used after the 30th of July, 1864, and used without a stamp, it cannot afterwards be effectually stamped. Any failure upon the part of the maker of an instru-ment to appropriately stamp it, renders him lia-ble to a penalty of two hundred dollars. Suits are commenced in many States by other process than writ, viz: summons, warrants, publication, petition, &c., in which case these, as the original process, severally require stamps.

Writs of scira facias are subject to stamp duty as original processes.

as original processes.

The jurat of an affidavit, taken before a Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, or other officer duly authorized to take affidavits, is held to be a certificate, and is subject to a stamp duty of five cents, except when taken in suits of legal proceed-

ings.
Certificates of loan in which there shall appear any printed or written evidence of an amount of money to be paid on demand or at any time designated, are subject to stamp duty as Promisory

The assignment of a mortgage is subject to the same duty as that imposed upon the original instrument; that is to say for every sum of five hundred dollars, or any fractional part thereof, of the amount secured by the mortgage, at time of its assignment there must be affixed a stamp or stamps, denoting a duty of five cents.

When two or more persons join in the execution of an instrument, the stamps to which this instrument is liable under the law, may be affixed and ment is liable under the law, may be affixed and cancelled by one of the parties.

In conveyances of real estate, the law provides that the stamp affixed must answer to the value of the estate on interest conveyed. No stamp is required on any warrant of attorney accompanying a bond or note, when such bond or note has affixed thereto the stamp or stamps denoting the denoting the stamps. stamps denoting the duty required, and whenever any bond or note is secured by mortgage, but one stamp duty is required on such papers, such stamp duty is required on such papers, such stamp duty being the highest rates required for such instruments, or either of them. In such a case a note or memorandum of the value or denomination of the stamp affixed should be made upon the margin or in the acknowledgement of the instrument which is not stamped.

I WILL GIVE TEN DOLLARS FOR THE apprehension of John Bass, (alias John Evans,) a free negro, brown complexion, long hair nearly straight, about five feet ten inches high, scars on his right hand and arm and on his neck, caused by being blown up with powder, slim built, veighs about 150 pounds, who stole from the stable of Catharine Welch on Saturday night, 26th inst., a bay mare, medium size, with a white spot in her forehead, one of her hind feet white, and right hip rather lower than the left. I will give the above reward for his delivery to me or his confinement in any jall so that I can get him. My Post Office is New Hill, Wake County, N. C. june 2—w3tpd W. B. WOMBLE

F. C. LIGHTE & CO., (Late Lighte, Newton & Bradburys,) Manufacturers of First-Class Piano Fortes. This well-known establishment is now continued by F. C. LIGHTE and LOUIS ERNST, at the old stand, 421 Broome st., bet. Crosby and Elm, New York City.

This well-known establishment is now continued by F. C. LIGHTE and LOUIS ERNST, at the old stand, 421 Broome st., bet. Crosby and Elm, New York City.

SEC. 8 And be it further enacted, That whenever the President of the United States shall have reason to believe that offences have been or are likely to be committed against the provisions of

The Civil Rights Bill.

We publish below the Civil Rights Bill as it recently passed the Congress over the President's Veto

"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all persons born in the United States and not subject to any foreign Power, excluding Indians, not taxed, arc hereby declared to be citizens of the United States; and such citizens of the United States. zens of every race and color, without regard to any previous condition of slavery or involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall ave been duly convicted, shall have the same right in every State and Territory in the United States to make and enforce contracts, to sue, be parties, and give evidence, to inherit, purchase, lease, sell, hold, and convey to inherit the same research and to full and account to the same research and the same research. real and personal property, and to full and equal benefit of all laws and proceedings for the securi-ty of person and property as is enjoyed by white citizens, and shall be subject to like punishment, pains, and penalties, and to none other, any law, statute, ordinance, regulation, or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That any per-

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That any person who, under color of any law, statute, ordinance, regulation, or custom, shall subject, or cause to be subjected, any inhabitant of any State or Territory to the deprivation of any right secured or protected by this act, or to different punishment, pains, or penalties on account of such person having at any time been held in a condition of slavery or involuntary servitude, except as a punishment. condition of slavery or involuntary servitude, ex-cept as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, or by reason of his color or race, than is prescribed for the pun-ishment of white persons, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction, shall be punished by fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court. Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the dis-trict courts of the United States, within their re-

spective districts, shall have, exclusively of the courts of the several States, cognizance of all crimes and offences committed against the provisions of this act, and also, concurrently with the circuit courts of the United States, of all causes, civil and criminal, affecting persons who are de-nied or cannot enforce in the courts or judicial tribunals of the State or locality where they may be, any of the rights secured to them by the first n of this act; and if any suit or prosecution civil or criminal, has been or shall be commenced in any State court against any such person, for any canse whatsoever, or against any officer, civil or military, or other person, for arrest or impri-sonment, trespasses, or wrongs done or commit-ted by virtue or under color of authority derived from this act or the act establishing a bureau for the relief of freedmen and refugees, and all acts amendatory thereof; or for relusing to do any ac-upon the ground that it would be inconsistent with this act, such defendant shall have the right to remove such cause for trial to the proper dist trict or circuit court in the manner prescribed by the 'Act relating to habeas corpus and regulating judicial proceedings in certain cases,' approved March three, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, and all acts amendatory thereof. The jurisdic-tion in civil and criminal matters hereby confer-red on the district and circuit courts of the Unit ed States shall be exercised and enforced in con-formity with the laws of the United States, so far as such laws are suitable to carry the same into effect; but in all cases where such laws are not adapted to the object, or are deficient in the pro-visions necessary to furnish suitable remedies and punish offences against law, the common law, as nodified and changed by the constitution and statutes of the State wherein the court having jurisdiction of the cause, civil or criminal, is held, so far as the same is not inconsistent with the Constitution and laws of the United States, shall be extended to and govern said courts in the trial and disposition of such cause, and, if of

the trial and disposition of such cause, and, if of a criminal nature, in the infliction of punishment on the party found guilty.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the district attorneys, marshals, and deputy marshals of the United States, the commissioners appointed by the circuit and territorial courts of the United States. States, with powers of arresting, imprisoning, or bailing offenders against the laws of the United States, the officers and agents of the Freedmen's Bureau, and every other officer who may be specially empowered by the President of the United States, shall be, and they are hereby, specially authorized and required, at the expense of the United States, to institute proceedings against all and every person who shall violate the provisions of this act, and cause him or them to be arrested and imprisoned, or builed as the case may be, for trial before such court of the United States of territorial court as by the act has cognizance of territorial court as by the act has cognizance of the offence. And with the view to affording rea-sonable protection to all persons in their consti-tutional rights of equality before the law, without distinction of race or color, or previous condi-tion of slavery or involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, and to the prompt discharge of the duties of this act, it shall be the duty of the circuit courts of the United States and the superior courts of the Territories of the United States, from time to time, to increase the number of commissioners, so as to afford a speedy and convenient means for the arrest and examination of persons charged with a violation of this act. And such commissioners are hereby authorized and required to exercise and discharge all the powers and duties conferred on them by this act, and the same duties with regard to offences created by this act, as they are authorized by law to exercise with regard to other offences against the laws of the United States.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted. That it shall be the duty of all respectively.

be the duty of all marshals and deputy marshals to obey and execute all warrants and precepts is sued under the provisions of this act, when to them directed; and should any marshal or dep-uty marshal refuse to receive such warrant or ther process when tendered, or to use all proper means diligently to execute the same, he shall, or conviction thereof, be fined in the sum of one thousand dollars, to the use of the person upon whom the accused is alleged to have committed the offence. And the better to enable the said commissioners to execute their duties faithfully and efficiently, in conformity with the Constitu-tion of the United States and the requirements of this act, they are hereby authorized and empowered, within their counties respectively, to appoint, in writing, under their hands, any one or more suitable persons, from time to time, to execute all such warrants and other process as may be issued by them in the lawful performance of their respective duties; and the persons so ap-pointed to execute any warrant or process as aforesaid shall have authority to summon and call to their aid the bystanders or the posse comitatus of the proper county, or such portion of the land and naval forces of the United States, or the militia, as may be necessary to the perfor-mance of the duty with which they are charged, and to insure a faithful observance of the clause of the Constitution which prohibits slavery, in conformity with the provisions of this act; and said warrants shall run and be executed by said officers anywhere in the State or Territory within

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That any person who shall knowingly and willfully obstruct, hinder, or prevent any officer, or other person charged with the execution of any warrant or process issued under the provisions of this act, or any person or persons lawfully assisting him or them, from arresting any person for whose apprehension such warrant or process may have been issued, or shall rescue or attempt to rescue such person from the custody of the officer, other persons or persons, or those lawfully assisting as aforesaid, when so arrested pursuant to the authority herein given and declared, or shall aid, abet, or assist any person so arrested as aforesaid, directly or indirectly, to escape from the custody of the officer or other person legally authorized as aforesaid, or shall harbor or conceal any person for whose arrest a warrant or process shall have been issued as aforesaid, so as to prevent his dis-covery and arrest after notice or knowledge of the fact that a warrant has been issued for the apprehension of such person, shall, for either of said offences, be subject to a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, and imprisonment not exceeding six months, by indictment and conviction before the district court of the United States for the district in which said offence may have been committed, or before the proper court of criminal jurisdiction, if committed within any one of the organized Territories of the United States. SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the district attorneys, the marshals, their deputies, and the clerks of the said district and Territorial courts shall be paid for their services the like fees as may be allowed to them for similar services in other cases; and in all cases where the pro-ceedings are before a commissioner, he shall be entitled to a fee of ten dollars in full for his services in each case, inclusive of all services incident to such arrest and examination. The person o to such arrest and examination. The person or persons authorized to execute the process to be issued by such commissioners for the arrest of offenders against the provisions of this act shall be entitled to a fee of five dollars for each person offenders against the provisions of this act shall be entitled to a fee of five dollars for each person he or they may arrest and take before any such commissioner as aforesaid, with such other fees as may be deemed reasonable by such commissioner for such other additional services as may be necessarily performed by him or them, such as a stending at the examination, keeping the prisoner in custody, and providing him with food and lod, ring during his detention, and until the final determination of such commissioner, and in general for performing such other duties as may be required in the premises; such fees to be made up in conformity with the fees usually charged by the officers of the courts of justice within the proper district or county, as near as may be practicable, and paid out of the treasury of the United States on the certificate of the judge of the district within which the arrest is made, and to be recoverable from the defendant as part of the judgment in case of conviction.

Sec. 8 And be it further enacted, That whenthis act within any judicial district, it shall be lawful for him, in his discrition, to direct the juage, marshal and district to the graph of such district to attend at such place within the district, and for such time as he may designate, for the purpose of the more speedy arrest and trial of persons charged with a violation of this act; and it shall be the duty of every judge or other officer, when any such requisition shall be received by him, to attend at the place and for the time therein designated.

in designated.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the President of the United States, be lawful for the President of the United States, or such person as he may empower for that pur-pose, to employ such part of the land or naval forces of the United States, or the militia, as shall be necessary to prevent the violation and enforce the due execution of this act. SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That upon all questions of law arising in any cause under the provisions of this act a final appeal may be taken to the Supreme Court of the United States."

XXXIX Congress.

FIRST REGULAR SESSION, CONVENED MONDAY, DECEMBER 4TH, 1865.

Senate. LAFAYETTE S. FOSTER, Norwich, Conn., President Officio. JOHN W. FORNEY, of Pennsylvania, Clerk. [Republicans (in Roman;) Democrats (in italics.) The figures before each Senator's name denote the year in which his term expires. The members from the Southern States are not classified.— Total number of States, 36. Total number of Senators when the Senate is full, 72.]

ALABAMA. 1871 George S. Houston, ----. 1867 Lewis E. Parsons,

ARKANSAS. 1871 E. — Baxter, —. 1867 William D. Snow, —.

CALIFORNIA. 1869 John Conness, Placerville. 1867 James A. McDougall, San Francisco. CONNECTICUT. 1869 James Dixon, Hartford.

1867 Lafayette S. Foster, Norwich. DELAWARE. 1869 George Reade Riddle, Wilmington. 1871 Willard Saulsbury, Georgetown. FLORIDA. 1869 William Marven.

GEORGIA. 1871 A. H. Stephens, ----. 1867 H. V. Johnson, ----

ILLINOIS. 1867 Lyman Trumbull, Alton. 1871 Richard Yates, Quincy.

INDIANA. 1867 Henry S. Lane, Crawfordsville. 1869 Thomas A. Hendricks, Indianapolis.

1867 (yacancy.) 1871 James W. Grimes, Burlington. KANSAS. 1867 Samuel C. Pomeroy, Atchison.

KENTUCKY. 1867 Garret Davis, Paris. 1871 James Guthrie, Louisville.

LOUISIANA. 1871 † Randall Hunt, New Orleans. 1867 † Henry Boyce, Alexandria. MAINE.

1869 Lot M. Morrill, Augusta. 1871 William P. Fessenden, Portland MASSACHUSETTS. 1869 Charles Sumner, Boston.

1671 Henry Wilson, Natick. MARYLAND. 869 Reverdy Johnson, Baltimore. 1867 John A. J. Creswell, Elkton. MICHIGAN.

869 Zachariah Chandler, Detroit 1871 Jocob M. Howard, Detroit. MINNESOTA. 1869 Alexander Ramsey, St. Paul. 1871 Daniel S. Norton, Mankato.

MISSISSIPPI 1869 William L. Sharkey, Jackson. 1871 James L. Alcorn.

MISSOURI. 1867 B. Gratz Brown, St. Louis. 1869 John B. Henderson, Louisiana. NEVADA. 1871 James W. Nye, Virginia City. 1869 William M. Stewart, —.

NEW HAMPSHIRE. 1867 Daniel Clark, Manchester. 1871 Aaron H. Cragin, Lebanon. NEW KORK.

1867 Ira Harris, Albany. 1869 Edwin D. Morgan, New York. NEW JERSEY. 1869 William Wright, Newark. 1871 John P. Stockton, Trenton.

NORTH-CAROLINA. 1867 John Pool, Windsor. 1871 Wm. A. Graham, Hillsboro'. OHIO. 1867 John Sherman, Manstield. 1869 Benjamin F. Wade, Jefferson.

OREGON. 1867 James W. Nesmith, Salem. 1871 George H. Williams. PENNSYLVANIA.

1867 Edgar Cowan, Greensburg. 1869 Charles B. Buckalew, Bloomsburg RHODE ISLAND.

1869 William Sprague, Providence. 1871 Henry B. Anthony, Providence. 1867 John L. Manning, —.

1871 Benjamin F. Perry, Greenville. 1869 David T. Patterson, —.

1871 J. S. Fowler, ---.

1867 Luke P. Poland, St. Johnsbury 1868 George Edmonds, — VIRGINIA.

1867 John C. Underwood, ----. 1871 Joseph Segar, —. WEST VIRGINIA. 1869 Peter G. Van Winkle, Parkersburg. 1871 Waitman T. Willey, Morganton.

WISCONSIN. 1867 Timothy O. Howe, Green Bay. 1869 James R. Doolittle, Racine.

House of Representatives. SCHUYLER COLFAX, South Bend, Ind. EDWARD McPHERSON, Gettysburg, Pa.,

C. C. Langdon, —. Joseph W. Taylor, -Geo. C. Freeman, —. J. M. Sheid, —. Cullen A. Battle, —. T. J. Jackson, —. ARKANSAS.

W. Byers, —. Lorenzo Gibson, —. CALIFORNIA. Donald C. McRuer, San Wm. Higby, Calaveras. Francisco. John Bidwell, Chico.

CONNECTICUT. Henry C. Deming, Hart-Augus. Brandagee, New ford. London. Samuel L. Warner, Mid-John H. Hubbard, Litch-

John A. Nicholson, Dover. FLORIDA. Ferdinand McLeod, ---.

Solomon Cohen, — E. G. Cabanniss, — Phillip Cook, — J. D. Matthews, — Hugh Buchanan, Colum-J. H. Christy, Athens. bus. W. T. Wofford. ILLINOIS.

John Wentworth, Chi- S. M. Cullom, Springcago.
John F. Farnsworth, St. Lewis W. Ross, Lewis-Charles.

Charles.

Elihu B. Washburne, Anthony Thornton, Shelbyville.

Adger C. Harding, Mon-Samuel S. Marshall, Memouth.

E. C. Ingersoll, Peorla.

B. C. Cook, Ottawa.

Henry P. H. Bromwell, Vienna.

Charleston.

S. W. Moulton, (at large) Shelbyville. William E. Niblack, Vin- Daniel W. Vorhees, Terre cennes.

Michael C. Kerr, New Godlove S. Orth, Lafay-Albany.
Ralph Hill, Columbus.
J. H. Farquhar, Brookville.

George W. Julian, Centreville.

Jos. H. Defrees, Goshen.
Anderson.

Anderson.

James F. Wilson, Fair John A. Kasson, Des Wholesale Druggist Hiram Price, Davenpost, Asahel W. Hubbard, W. B. Allison, Dubuque. Siqux City, Joseph B. Grinnell, Grinnell

ce S. Trimble, Lovel H. Rousseau, Lou-Burwell C. Rivier, Hop- Green Clay Smith, Covkinsville.

Henry Grider, Bowling G. S. Shanklin, Nicholas-Aaron Harding, Greens- W. H. Randall, London. Samuel McKee, Mount Sterling.

Louis St. Martin, —. John E. King, —. Jacob Barker, N. Orleans John S. Young, -- Robert C. Wickliffe, —.

John Lynch, Portland. John H. Rice, Foxcroft. Sidney Perham, Paris. Fred. A. Pike, Calais. Jas. G. Blaine, Augusta. MARYLAND. Hiram McCullough, Elk-Francis Thomas, Frank-

ton.
John L. Thomas, Jr., Benjamin G. Harris,
Baltimore.
Leonardtown. Chas. E. Phelps, Balti-

Thomas D. Elliot, New Geo. S. Bontwell, Groton John D. Baldwin, Wor-Oakes Ames, N. Easton. Cester.
Alex. H. Rice, Boston.
Sam. Hooper, Boston.
John B. Alley, Lynn.
Nathaniel P. Banks, Waltham.
John D. Baldwin, Worcester.
Greenfield.
H. L. Dawes, Pittsfield. MICHIGAN.

Fernando C. Beaman, Rowland E. Trowbridge, Adrain. Birmingham. Chas. Upson, Coldwater. John F. Driggs, East J. W. Longyear, Lansing Saginaw. Thos. W. Ferry, Grand Haven. William Windom, Win- Ignatius Donnelly, Hast-

MISSOURI. John Hogan, St. Louis. Jos. W. McClurg, Linn. H. T. Blow, St. Louis. Robert T. Van Horn, Th. E. Noell, Perryville. Kansas City.

Jno R. Kelso, Springfield MISSISSIPPI.

Arthur E. Reynolds, —. A. M. West, Jackson.
Richard A. Pinson, —. E. G. Peyton, —. James T. Harrison. -NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Gilman Marston, Exeter. James W. Patterson, Ed. H. Rollins, Concord. Hanover. John F. Starr, Camden. Andrew J. Rogers, New William A. Newell, Alton. lentown. Edwin R. V. Wright, Charles Sitgreave, Phil-Hudson City. NEW JERSEY. lipsburg.

NEW YORK. Stephen Taber, Roslyn. Cal. T. Hulburd, Brasher Teunis G. Bergen, New Falls. Utrecht. James M. Marvin, Sara-Utrecht.
Jas. Humphrey, Brooklyn.
Morgan Jones, N. York.
Nelson Taylor, N. York.
John W. Chanler, New Sidney T. Holmes, MorJames Brooks, N. York.
James M. Marvin, Saratoga Springs.
Demas Hubbard, Jr.,
Smyrna.
Addison H. Laflin, Herkimer.
Sidney T. Holmes, MorJames Brooks, N. York. James Brooks, N. York. risville.
William A. Darling, N. Thomas T. Davis, Syracuse.

M. Pomery, William Radford, Yonk-Timodore M. Pomery, ers.

C. H. Winfield, Goshen. Daniel Morris, Penn Yan.
J. H. Ketcham, Dover. Giles W. Hotchkiss, BingEdwin N. Hubbell, Coxsackie.
C. Goodyear, Schoharie. Ros. Hart, Rochester.
A Griewold Troy
R. Van Horn, Newfane. Auburr

J. A. Griswold, Troy. B. Van Horn, Newfanc. Robert S. Hale, Eliza- J. M. Humphrey, Buffalo. bethtown. Henry Van Aernam, Franklinville. Jesse R. Stubbs, Wil-Lewis Hancs, Saisbury.

Itamston.
C. C. Clark, Newbern. S. H. Walkup, Monroe.
F. C. Fuller, Fayetteville. A. H. Jones, Henderson Josiah Turner, Orange. ville. NEVADA. Delos R. Ashley, Virginia City. Benj. Eggleston, Cincin-J. M. Ashley, Toledo.
nati.
Rutherford B. Hayes, Mills.
Cincinnati.
Wm. E. Finck, Somerset. Cincinnati. Wm. E. Finck, Somerset, Robert C. Schenck, Day-Columbus Delona, Mt. ton. William Lawrence, Bel- M. Walker, Wooster. Plants, Pomerov

Francis C. Le Blond, J. A. Bingham, Cadiz.
Celina. Ephraim R. Eckley, CarR. W. Clarke, Batavia. rolton. Samuel Shellabarger, Ruf. P. Spalding, Cleve Springfield. land. James R. Hubbell, Dela-J. A. Garfield, Hiram. ware. Ralph P. Buckland, Fre-

OREGON James H. D. Henderson, Eugene City.

PENNSYLVANIA. Samuel J. Randall, Phila. A. J. Glossbreuner, York adelphia. Charles O'Neill, Phila. Leonard Myers, Phila. Wm. D. Kelley, Phila. M. Rus. Thayer, Chestnut Hill, Phila. Step. F. Wilson, Wellsbroth M. Rus. Thayer, Chestnut Hill, Phila. Glenn W. Scofield, War Review M. Rose. No. Benjamin M. Boyer, Nor-ren. ristown. Chas. V. Culver, Frank-J. M. Broomall, Media. lin. Sydenham E. Ancona, Jno. L. Dawson, Browns-Reading. ville. Reading. ville.
Thad Stevens, Lancaster. Jas. K. Moorhead, Pitts-Myer Strouse, Pottsville. borgh.

Phillip Johnson, Easton. Thomas Williams, PittsCharles Denison, Wilkesbarre.

Geo. V. Lawrence, Mobarre. Geo. V. Lawrence Ulys. Mercur, Towanda. nongahela City.

G. F. Miller, Lewisburg. RHODE ISLAND. terly.

Thos. A. Jenekes, Provi-Nathan F. Dixon, Wes-SOUTH CAROLINA. Jno. D. Kennedy, —. Samuel McGowan, —. William Aiken, —. James Farrow, —.

TEXAS. TENNESSEE. Nath. G. Taylor, ——. Wm. B. Campbell, Na Horace Maynard, Knox-ville. ville. 8. M. Arnell, ——.

Edward Cooper, -VERMONT. Fred. E. Woodbridge, Portus Baxter, Derby Vergennes, Line. Vergennes. Justin S. Morrill, Straf-

W. H. B. Custis, — A. H. H. Stuart, Staun-L. H. Chandler, Norfolk. ton.
B. Johnson Barbour, — Robert Y. Conrad, Win-Robert Ridgeway, Rich-mond. Daniel H. Hodge, Mont-VICGINIA. Beverly A. Davis, Dan- gomery.

WISCONSIN. Halbert E. Paine, Mil- Charles A. Elridge, Fond du Lac. Ithamar C. Sloan, James-Philetus Sawyer, Osh-Amasa Cobb, Mineral Walder D. McIndoe, Warsaw.

WEST VIRGINA. Chester D. Hubbard, K. V. Whaley, Point Wheeling. Pleasant. Wheeling. George R. Latham, Graf-

Delegates from the Territories. New Mexico.—J. Francisco Chaves, Santa Fe. Utah.—William H. Hooper, Salt Lake City. Washington.—Arthur A. Denny, Seattle. Nebraska.—Phineas W. Hitchcock, Omaha. Colorado.—Allen A. Bradford, Denver. Dakota.—Walter A. Burleigh, Yancton. Arizona.—John N. Goodwin, Prescott. Idaho.—E. D. Holbrook, Idaho City. Montana.—Samuel McLean, Bannock City.

Judges of the Supreme Court, The Judges of the Supreme Court of the

United States are as follows: Mr. Chief Justice Chase, of Ohio. Mr. Justice Wayne, Georgia. Mr. Justice Nelson, New York. Mr. Justice Grier, Pennsylvania. Mr. Justice Clifford, Maine. Mr. Justice Swayne, Ohio. Mr. Justice Miller, Iowa.

Mr. Justice Davis, Illinois, Mr. Justice Field, California. Mr. Justice Stansbury, Ohio. Reporter, John W. Wallace, Ohio. Marshal, D. S. Gooding. Clerk, D. W. Middleton The Judge of the District Court of North Carolina is G. W. Brooks. District Attorney,

H.J. MENNINGER

D. H. Starbuck. Marshal, Daniel R. Goodloe,

28 POLLOK STREET, NEWBERN, N. C. New York Advertisements.

THE KIDNEYS. THE KIDNEYS ARE TWO IN NUMBER, situated at the upper part of the loin, surrounded by fat and consisting of three parts, viz: The Anterior, the Interior, and the Exterior. The anterior absorbs. Interior consists of tis-ues or veins, which serve as a deposit for the

urine and convey it to the exterior. The exterior is a conductor also, terminating in a single tube and called the Ureter. The ureters are connected with the bladder.

The bladder is composed of various coverings or tissues, divided into parts, viz: the Upper, the Lower, the Nervous, and the Mucous. The upper expels, the lower retains. Many have a desire to urinate without the ability to retain. This frequently occurs in oblides.

To cure these affections we must bring into action the muscles, which are engaged in their various functions. If they are neglected, Gravel or Dropsy may ensue.

The reader must also be made aware, that however slight may be the attack, it is sure to affect his bodily health and mental powers; as our flesh and blood are supported from these sources

GOUT, OR RHEUMATISM. Pain occurring in the loins is indicative of the above diseases. They occur in persons disposed to acid stomach and chalky concretions.

THE GRAVEL THE GRAVELL.

The gravel ensues from neglect or improper treatment of the kidneys. These organs being weak, the water is not expelled from the bladder, but allowed to remain; it becomes feverish and sediment forms. It is from this deposit that the stone is formed and gravel ensues.

DROPSY Is a collection of water in some parts of the body, and bears different names, according to the parts affected, viz: when generally diffused over the body, it is called Anasarca; when of the abdomen, Ascites; when of the chest, Hydrothorax.

TREATMENT Helmbold's highly concentrated compound Extract Buchu is decidedly one of the best reme-dies for diseases of the bladder, kidneys, gravel dropsical swellings, rheumatism, and gouty affec-tions. Under this head we have arranged Dysuria. tions. Under this head we have arranged Dysuria, or difficulty and pain in passing water, scanty secretion or small and frequent discharges of water, Strangury or stopping of water, Hematuria or bloody urine, Gout and Rheumatism of the kidneys, without any change in quantity, but increase of color or dark water. It was always highly recommended, by the late Dr. Physick, in these affections.

ffections.

This medicine increases the power of digestion and excites the absorbents into healthy exercise by which the watery or calcareous depositions and all unnatural enlargements, as well as pain and inflammation, are reduced, and is taken by MEN, WOMEN, AND CHILDREN.

Directions for use and diet accompany. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., February 25, 1857. H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,

Dear Sir: I have been a sufferer for upwards of twenty years, with gravel, bladder, and kidney affections, during which time I have used various medicinal preparations, and been under the treatment of the most aminout obsciolence the treatment of the most aminout physicians. ment of the most eminent physicians, experiencng but little relief.

ing but little relief.

Having seen your preparations extensively advertised, I consulted with my family physician in regard to using your Extract Buchu.

I did this because I had used all kinds of advertised remedies, and had found them worthless, and some quite injurious: in fact, I despaired of ever getting well, and determined to use no remedies, hereafter, unless I know of the interedient. dies hereafter unless I knew of the ingredients. dies hereafter uniess I knew of the ingredients. It was this that prompted me to use your remedy. As you advertised that it was composed of buchu, cubebs, and juniper berries, it occurred to me and my physician as an excellent combination, and, with his advice, after an examination of the article, and consulting again with the druggist. I article, and consulting again with the druggist, I concluded to try it. I commenced its use about eight months ago, at which time I was confined to my room. From the first bottle I was astonished and gratified at the beneficial effect, and after using it three weeks was able to walk out. I felt much like writing you a full statement of my; ase at that time, but thought my improvement might only be temperated. ment might only be temporary, and therefore concluded to defer and see if it would effect a perfect cure, knowing then it would be of greater value to you and more satisfactory to me. I am now able to report that a cure is effected after using the remedy for five months. I have not used any now for three months, and feel as well in all respects as I ever did.

Your Buchu being devoid of any unpleasant taste and odor, a nice tonic and invigorator of the

system, I do not mean to be without it whenever occasion may require its use in such affections.

M. McCORMICK.

Should any doubt M1. McCormick's statement, he refers to the following gentlemen:

Hon. Wm. Bigler, ex-Governor, Pennsylvania.

Hon. Thos. B. Florence, Philadelphia.

Hon. J. C. Knox, Judge, Philadelphia.

Hon. J. S. Black, Judge, Philadelphia.

Hon. D. R. Porter, ex.Governor, Pennsylvania.

Hon. Ellis Levis, Judge, Philadelphia.

Hon. R. C. Grier, Judge, Philadelphia.

Hon. G. W. Woodward, Judge, Philadelphia.

Hou. W. A. Porter, City Solicitor, Philadelphia.

Hon. John Bigler, ex-Governor, California. Hon. John Bigler, ex-Governor, California. Hon. E. Banks, Auditor-General, Washington,

And many others, if necessary. Principal Depot, HELMBOLD'S DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE, 594 BROADWAY,
METROPOLITAN HOTEL,
New YORK.

Sold by Druggists everywhere.

Beware of Counterpeirs.

May 1, 1866.

Sold by Druggists everywhere.

20—2tw-was-2m

NEW PERFUME For the Handkerchief.



A Most Exquisite, Delicate, and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from which it takes its name. Manufactured only by PHALON & SON,

NEW YORK. BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS. ASK FOR PHALON'S-TAKE NO OTHER. Sold by Druggists generally.

AWS OF NORTH-CAROLINA.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECT-FULLY inform the Legal Profession, and the public generally, that having obtained permission to publish a small number of the "Laws of North Carolina, Session of 1865-'66," together with the most important public acts passed since 1859, he expects to have them rendy in a short time. Those wishing to purchase would do well to send Priose wishing to purchase would do well to send on their orders at once as the supply is very small.

Price, when sent by mail, or Express, \$4.50 per copy.

R. W. BEST,
Raleigh, May 21—1m. Secretary of State.

Orders sent to any of the Book Stores in Raleigh will be filled promptly.

DISSOLUTION.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE sexisting under the firm and style of Waterhouse & Bowes is this day disselved by mutual consent. Uncollected Gas bills and other accounts can be found with F. P. Waterhouse, who will settle all claims against the firm, till Saturday the 16th inst. All bills not paid by that time will be, placed in the hands of L. P. Olds, Esq., Attorney for collection.

WHISKEY! WHISKEY! 10 BARRELS CORN WHISKEY, OF GOOD FINE PIANO FOR SALE! quality, which we will sell low.

June 2—tf. B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

G. B. WATERHOUSE, M. BOWES.

New York Advertisements.

TATURE S OWN REMEDIES. CONGRESS SPRING WATER.
FMPIRE SPRING WATER.
COLUMBIAN SPRING WATER.

No natural or artificial compound has yet been discovered or manufactured that equals these wis ters as a precentive, relief and permanent cure, for many temporary and chronic diseases, as proved by the experience of many thousands who have drauk them for years, with the most beneficial

Congress Water Is a cathartic, alterative and tonic, and is a val-aable remedy for affectious of the Liver and Kidneys, Dyspepsia, Gout, Chronic Constipation and Cutaneous discases. Is a most powerful preven-tive of the Fevers and Billious Complaints, so prevalent in warm climates.

Empire Water Is a cathartic, and a valuable remedy for Rheumatism, Derangement of the Liver, Diseases of the Skin, and General Debility. Its effects are most salutary in Lung Diseases. It is an almost sure cure for Serofula, and the most agravated forms of Diseases. forms of Dyspepsia. As a preventive and cure for all Billious Derangements it stands unrivalled. Columbian Water

Is a tonic and diuretic of a highly beneficial Is a tonic and diuretic of a highly beneficial character, and is a positive remedy for Diabetes, Gravel, Calculus, Irritation and Inflammation of the Kidneys and Bladder, and has most singularly active effects in restoring these organs when debilitated by long disease. Females who have suffered for years from irregularity, and the distressing diseases known only to their sex, have been entirely cured by the faithful and judicious use of Columbian Water.

These waters are bottled fresh and pure, from each of the above named Springs, in so careful

These waters are bottled fresh and pure, from each of the above named Springs, in so careful and secure a manner that they preserve all their medicinal value for years, and will be found equally efficacious when drank thousands of miles distant, as when taken directly from the spring.

Beware of imitations and inferior Waters, the corks of all genuine Congress, Empire and Columbian Waters are branded on the side of the cork, thus cork, thus

{ Congress Water, } { Columbian Water, } { C. & E. S. Co. } { C. & E. S. Co. } { Empire Water, } { C. & E. S. Co. } Packed safely and securely, in boxes suitable for shipment to any part of the world. Congress and Empire Waters in boxes, containing 4 Dozen Pints, or 2 Dozen Quart Bottles each. Columbian Water in boxes containing 4 or 6 Dozen Half Pints, or 4 Dozen Pint Bottles each. Pints, or 4 Dozen Pint Bottles each. Sold by all Druggists' Hotels, Wine Merchants

and first-class Grocers.
Sold only at Wholesale, by
HOTCHKISS SONS, Prop's,
92 Beekman St., N. Y.
Orders by mail receive prompt attention.
march 20—1—5m.

PACIFIC HOTEL, 170, 172, 174 & 176 Greenwich Street, (ONE SQUARE WEST OF BROADWAY,) Between Courtlandt and Dey Sts., New York

JOHN PATTEN, JR., Proprietor. THE PACIFIC HOTEL IS WELL AND widely known to the traveling public. The location is especially suitable to merchants and business men; it is in close proximity to the business part of the City—is on the highway of Southern and Western travel, and adjacent to all the principal Railroad and Steamboal depots.

The Pacific has liberal accommodations for over 300 guests; it is well furnished, and possesses every modern improvement for the complete and encountries. 300 guests; it is well furnished, and possesses every modern improvement for the comfort and entertainment of its immates. The rooms are spacious and well vedtilated; provided with gas and water; the attendance is prompt and respectful; and the table is generously provided with every delicacy of the season.

deliency of the season. deliency of the season.

The subscriber, who, for the past four years, has been the lessee, is now sole proprietor, and intends to identify himself thoroughly with the interests of his house. With long experience as hearly the property charges the property of the pasts. a hotel keeper, he trusts, by moderate charges and a liberal policy, to maintain the favorable reputation of the Pacific Hotel.

N. B. To prevent overcharge by Hackmen, the coaches of the Hotel are owned by the proprietor.

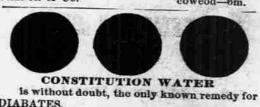
sept 30-241 1y10 JOHN PATTEN, JR. IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS. The combination of ingredients in these Pills is The combination of ingredients in these Pills is the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and cannot do harm to the most delicate; certain in correcting all irregularities, Painful Menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysteries, fatigue, pain in the back and limbs, &c., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

was the commencement of a new cra in the treatment of irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a premature grave.—No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline. These Pills form the finest preparation ever put forward with immediate and persistent success. Don't be deceived. Take this advertisement to your Druggist and tell him that you want the BEST and most RELIABLE FEMALE MEDICINE IN THE WORLD, which is comprised in these DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

THE WORLD, which is comprised in these DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS have been a Standard Remedy for over thirty years, and are the most effectual one ever known for all complaints peculiar to Females. To all classes they are invaluable, inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity. They are known to thousands, who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America. Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each Box—the Price One Dollar per Box, or 6 boxes for \$5, containing from 50 to 60 Pills. Pills sent by mail, promptly, secure from observation, by remitting to the Proprietors. Sold by Druggists generally.

Druggists generally. HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors Sold in Raleigh by P. F. Pescup, and Geo. Z.



BRICK DUST DEPOSITS, IRRITATION OF THE NECK BLADDER. INFLAMATION OF THE KIDNEYS, CATARRH OF THE BLADDER, FEMALE IRREGULARITIES.

GRAVEL,

CALCULUS,

Certificates of cures from well-known persons from all parts of the country in circular, will be MORGAN & ALLEN, Agents, dec 19—tf No. 46 Cliff St., New York.

Blossom Brothers, (Successors to Benj. Blossom & Son.) COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

COTTON, NAVAL STORES, GRAIN, TOBACCO, COTTON YARNS, SHEETING, &c. No. 159 Front Street, JAS. B. BLOSSOM, JOSIAH B. BLOSSOM. NEW-YORK.

JOSIAH B. BLOSSOM.)
Liberal advances made on consignments, on receipt of Bill of Lading.
REFERENCES:—The Bank of N. C., and other Banks at Wilmington, Newbern, Washington, Tarboro', Fayetteville, Raleigh, Salisbury, Charlotte and Wadesboro'.
Cotton consigned to us will be forwarded, free of Forwarding Commission, at the various ports, by

W. H. YCRARY & Co., Wilmington, N. C., GEO. H. 3ROWN & Co., S. T. JONES & Co., Newbern, N. C., TIDDY, FLEMING & Co., Do., Do., HENRY GHISELIN, Norfolk, Va., Who will pay taxes, &c., at the shipping ports, when desired. N. B.—Consignments to us are covered by Fire and Marine Insurance as soon as freighted, from all places on all Railroads and Rivers in North and South-Carolina, Georgia and Florida, and from all Southers. Shipping Ports, through to New-York, whether advice of shipment is received or not. june 27—62 1y8

T IFE INSURANCE MEETING. THE SEVENTEENTH ANNUAL MEETING of the members of the North-Carolina Mutual Life Insurance Company will be held at the office of the Company in the Cape Fear Bank in Raleigh on Monday the 2d day of July next, at 12 o'clock, M. R. H. BATTLE,

June 19—td Berrelan

Apply at the STANDARD OFFICE.